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(54) Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR A RECONFIGURABLE MULTI-MEDIA SYSTEM

(57) Abstract: A reconfigurable multi-media system, method and device provides monitoring and reconfiguration of a plurality of communication layers of a communications stack to dynamically reconfigure the modulation and coding of software defined radio (SDR). The system includes a software object radio (SWR) library having reconfigurable object specification, design and performance parameters, the SWR is adapted for at least one of transmitting and receiving multi-media content via wireless communication; a controller in communication with the SWR library; a power management device module in communication with said controller; a reconfigurable encoder/decoder in communication with said controller to provide the SWR with dynamic coding information for modulation; a TCP/IP interface in communication with said reconfigurable encoder/decoder and said controller; and an application layer comprising a link layer and a reconfigurable physical layer in communication with each other and said controller, the physical layer adapted for communication with a channel, and the application layer including at least one driver for multimedia delivery. The controller monitors the physical layer and link layer information and the reconfigurable encoder/decoder dynamically reconfigures modulation and coding of multi-media content according to a cross-layer optimization approach.

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR A RECONFIGURABLE MULTI-MEDIA SYSTEM

This application claims priority from U.S. provisional application
5 60/324,905 filed September 26, 2001.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of Invention

The invention is related to the software radio
10 technology. More particularly, the invention is related to
reconfiguring software radio technology based on a higher
layer application, traffic, channel condition, and/or receiver
characteristics.

15 2. Description of Related Art

Software Defined Radio (SDR) Technology is a state of the
art term for achieving for interface re-configurability. SDR
achieves limited programmability through parameterized control
of the physical layer, and is limited to base station
20 implementations where size, weight, power and cost are not
very critical. The term software defined radios is used to
describe radios that provide software control of a variety of
modulation techniques, wide-band or narrow-band operation,
communications security functions (such as hopping), and
25 waveform requirements of current and evolving standards over a
broad frequency range.

As future wireless networks are expected to constantly evolve, and newer multi-media service are carried increasingly on unlicensed spectral bands, these changes necessitate support for multiple air-interface standards. The support for multiple air-interface standards requires reconfigurability of the physical layer of the consumer terminal over time, as new standards emerge, and over space, as in roaming where the mobile terminal moves into an area with a different access network.

In addition, reconfigurability will be needed based on the type of multi-media content being delivered, and the types and capabilities of devices exchanging such content. In particular, the need for programmable architectures that look beyond Digital Signal Processors and Microprocessors is needed. However, to date, no known software radio architecture exists that has been applied to wireless networks carrying multimedia traffic.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to an aspect of the present invention, the same modem device will be reconfigured to implement the desired air interface. Device programmability will not be restricted to parameter downloads. Instead, a complete specification of the hardware functionality can be downloaded, thus making it a

fully programmable solution. An intelligent controllers adds information about the nature of the traffic (data) that is being sent, the transmitter/receiver device power restrictions, as well as the channel condition in reconfiguring the modem device. Thus, the device programmability is not agnostic to the traffic that is being transmitted by the device.

10 Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 shows a first aspect of one configuration of architecture of the present invention.

Figures 2A and 2B provide a flowchart providing a brief overview of one aspect of a method according to the present invention.

20 Detailed Description of the Invention

As shown in Figure 1, there is a proposed system architecture for a Software Defined Radio based Multimedia System according to an aspect of the present invention.

25 Although examples of reconfigurable encoders/decoders are described below in conjunction with Figure 1, it should be understood by a person of ordinary skill in the art that the aspects discussed are provided for purposes of illustration and not limitation, and there are many other types of systems

that lie within the spirit of the invention and the scope of the appended claims. For example, standard video techniques like MPEG as well as wavelet-based coding techniques can be employed. An important feature of such algorithms is that they
5 are either reconfigurable in features (allowing for complexity and scalability) or in their robustness to packet-losses. Hence, trade-offs between coding efficiency, complexity and resilience can be made, leading to reconfigurable encoders/decoders.

10

To enhance the commercial viability of the instant invention, it is preferred that the cost-flexibility trade-off is optimal for an SDR that is to be used as a consumer terminal.

15

The solid arrows in Figure 1 show the data flow across the various layers in the communication stack. As shown in the Figure, a reconfigurable physical layer 100 communicates
20 with channel 110 and intelligent controller 115. The link layer 120 and physical layer 100 form an application layer 125. The application layer includes application drivers. Two examples of such drivers are (1) robust multi-media delivery, and (2) bit rate and complexity scalable multi-media delivery.

The stack may include a device power management module 135, a reconfigurable decoder/encoder 140 and a TCP/IP interface 145.

With regard to robust multi-media delivery, it is
5 necessary to take into account the various factors that affect QoS over wireless networks. These factors span different layers of the protocol stack shown in Figure 1, starting at the physical layer 100 with a variation in channel characteristics caused by multi-path fading and user mobility,
10 and including the link layer 120 with the variation in the characteristics of the data stream to be transported. According to an aspect of the instant invention, it is necessary to pursue a cross-layer optimization approach. The modulation must be dynamically reconfigured and coding
15 techniques reconfigured at the physical layer based on the channel characteristics and device power restrictions. This process will be achieved through the technologies developed based on Software radio (SWR) concepts.

20 With regard to bit-rate and complexity scalable multi-media delivery, there should be a universal coding of video content so that it can be transmitted over networks with varying characteristics and constraints by employing, for example, techniques such as MPEG-4 FGS or 3-D wavelets. An

important paradigm from the 4G wireless access perspective can be the way that Universal Multimedia Access (UMA) refers to how multimedia data can be accessed by a large number of users/clients to view any desired video stream anytime and
5 from anywhere. In the UMA framework, multimedia information is accessed from the network depending on the following three parameters: user preference, channel characteristics and device capabilities. Thus, scalable coding techniques that are reconfigurable can be employed. These scalable coding
10 techniques permit receiver-driven scalable video techniques that allow streaming according to the capabilities of diverse clients (devices) and the experienced network conditions.

Furthermore, the corresponding cross-layer protection
15 strategies for scalable video over 4G wireless networks can be employed since the network layers need to cooperate with the application to support bandwidth adaptation rather than insulate applications from variations in underlying QoS.

20 According to the present invention, the system architecture is such that the radio layers are reconfigured in a content aware fashion, which means that the timing of the reconfiguration and its specification has to be performed across the various layers of the stack. The intelligent

controller 115 straddles the various layers. It is also seen in Fig. 1 from the broken arrows that some of the signals that need to be exchanged between the stack and the controller. In addition, the reconfiguration is generated jointly, based on
5 the information from both the application layer and the physical layer.

The SWR library module 130 is adapted for at least one of transmission and receiving capability (Tx/Rx). The SWR library
10 module includes reconfigurable objection specification, design and performance parameters. The SWR is reconfigured according to a series of factors of the protocol stack that affect the Quality of Service (QoS) of wireless networks. The intelligent controller 115 adds the information about the nature of the
15 traffic (data being sent), the transmitter/receiver device power restrictions from communication with Device Power Management module 135. For instance, the local device power management request would be received by the controller 115 from the device power management module 135.

20

The intelligent controller makes the decision to appropriately reconfigure the software radio (SWR) according to the data collected at the various layers of the stack. This process is referred to as a cross-optimization approach,

heretofore unknown. The algorithm that takes into account the monitoring of the various layers can use standard video techniques such as MPEG, wavelet based-coding, MPEG2-4, etc., can be employed. What is required of the algorithm is that it
5 is either reconfigurable in features (allowing for scalability) or in robustness to packet losses.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate an overview of one aspect of a method according to the present invention.

10 At step (a) of Figure 2A an SWR library module comprising reconfigurable object specification, design and performance parameters are provided.

At step (b), a controller is provided in communication with the SWR library module.

15 At step (c), a power management device module is in communication with the controller.

At step (d), a reconfigurable decoder/encoder is provides the SWR with dynamic coding information for modulation.

20 At step (e), a TCP/IP interface is provided in communication with the decoder and the controller.

At step (f), the application layer is provided comprising a link layer and a reconfigurable physical layer, the physical layer is adapted for communication a channel, and the

application layer contains at least one driver for multi-media delivery.

At step (g), the controller monitors channel conditions, power restrictions and predetermined QoS criteria of the stack of layer layers, such as the physical layer, application
5 layer, and the device power management layer.

At step (h), there is a reconfiguring of modulation and/or encoding/decoding dynamically in accordance with changing conditions of the layers monitored by the controller.
10 The reconfiguring can be according to known reconfigurable algorithms or specifically written for a device or devices. Thus there is a dynamic system for multi-media delivery that uses a cross-layer optimization approach to enhance multi-media delivery.

15 In conjunction with the intelligent controller, the encoder/decoder module 140 reconfigures modulation and coding according to information regarding channel conditions from the physical layer, device power restrictions, and characteristics of the data stream to be transported. While the instant
20 inventions in a best mode performs reconfiguration according to all of the above criteria, it is possible that the reconfiguration could be according to one or some of the above criteria, or additional criteria. It should also be understood that in addition to a system for delivering multi-media

content according to the present invention, a modem comprising the reconfigurable encoder/decoder and a controller to monitor and dynamically reconfigure the modulation and/or encoding/decoding of the encoder/decoder according to
5 monitoring of the various stack layers of a communication stack of SWR is also part of the claimed invention.

What is claimed:

1. A reconfigurable multi-media system comprising:
 - a software object radio (SWR) library comprising reconfigurable object specification, design and performance parameters, said SWR adapted for at least one of transmitting and receiving multi-media content via wireless communication;
 - a controller in communication with said SWR library;
 - a power management device module in communication with said controller;
 - a reconfigurable encoder/decoder in communication with said controller to provide the SWR with dynamic coding information for modulation;
 - a TCP/IP interface in communication with said reconfigurable encoder/decoder and said controller; and
 - an application layer comprising a link layer and a reconfigurable physical layer in communication with each other and said controller, the physical layer adapted for communication with a channel, and said application layer including at least one driver for multimedia delivery;
- wherein the controller monitors the physical layer and link layer information, and the reconfigurable encoder/decoder dynamically reconfigures modulation and coding of multi-media content according to a cross-layer optimization

approach in conjunction with the controller from: (a) the physical layer according to channel conditions and device power restrictions; (b) the link layer according to variation in network access delay in a multi-user network; and (c) the application layer according to variation in characteristics of a data stream to be transported.

2. The system according to claim 1, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder uses wavelet-based coding during cross-layer optimization.

3. The system according to claim 1, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder uses MPEG coding during cross-layer optimization.

4. The system according to claim 1, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder uses 3-D wavelet coding.

5. The system according to claim 1, wherein the power management device module operates according to predetermined Quality of Service (QoS) criteria supplied thereto.

6. The system according to claim 1, wherein the controller and reconfigurable encoder/decoder further comprise

a reconfigurable modem device adapted to implement a desired air interface with a Software Defined Radio (SDR).

7. A method for providing a reconfigurable multi-media system comprising the steps of:

5 (a) providing a software object radio (SWR) library comprising reconfigurable object specification, design and performance parameters, said SWR adapted for at least one of transmitting and receiving multi-media content via wireless
10 communication;

(b) providing a controller in communication with said SWR library;

15 (c) providing a power management device module in communication with said controller;

(d) providing a reconfigurable encoder/decoder in communication with said controller to provide the SWR with
20 dynamic coding information for modulation;

(e) providing a TCP/IP interface in communication with said reconfigurable encoder/decoder and said controller,
and

25

(f) providing an application layer comprising a link layer and a reconfigurable physical layer in communication with each other and said controller, the physical layer adapted for communication with a channel, and
5 said application layer including at least one driver for multimedia delivery;

(g) monitoring by the controller of channel conditions, device power restrictions, and predetermined
10 Quality of Service (QoS) criteria;

(h) reconfiguring modulation and coding of multimedia content according to a cross-layer optimization by the reconfigurable encoder/decoder in conjunction with the
15 controller from: (1) the physical layer according to channel conditions and device power restrictions; (2) at the link layer according to variation in network access delay in a multi-user network; and (3) at the application layer according to variation in characteristics of a data stream to
20 be transported.

8. The method according to claim 7, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder uses wavelet-based coding during cross-layer optimization.

9. The method according to claim 7, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder using MPEG algorithms during cross-layer optimization.

5

10. The method according to claim 7, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder uses 3-D wavelet algorithms.

11. The method according to claim 7, wherein the power management device module operates according to predetermined Quality of Service (QoS) criteria supplied thereto.

12. A reconfigurable modem for multimedia scale delivery via Software Radio (SWR) comprising:

15 a reconfigurable encoder/decoder adapted to implement a desired air interface with a Software Defined Radio (SDR), said SDR including a communications stack comprising a plurality of layers;

a controller for monitoring cross-layer optimization of the plurality of layers of the communication stack, and to dynamically reconfigure modulation and coding of multi-media content by the encoder/decoder in accordance with predetermined criteria for changing conditions of the communications stack.

13. The modem according to claim 12, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder uses wavelet-based decoding during optimization of the communications stack.

5

14. The modem according to claim 13, wherein the wavelet-based decoding comprises 3-D wavelets.

15. The modem according to claim 12, wherein the reconfigurable encoder/decoder uses MPEG during cross-layer optimization of the communication stack.

10

16. The modem according to claim 15, wherein the cross-layer optimization of the communications stack includes dynamic optimizing of the plurality of layers with regard to at least one of: (a) channel conditions and device power restrictions of an associated channel and device; (b) variations in network access delay in an associated multi-user network; and (c) variations in characteristics of a data stream to be transported.

15

20

17. The modem according to claim 15, wherein the cross-layer optimization of the communications stack is performed in

accordance with predetermined Quality of Service (QoS)
criteria.

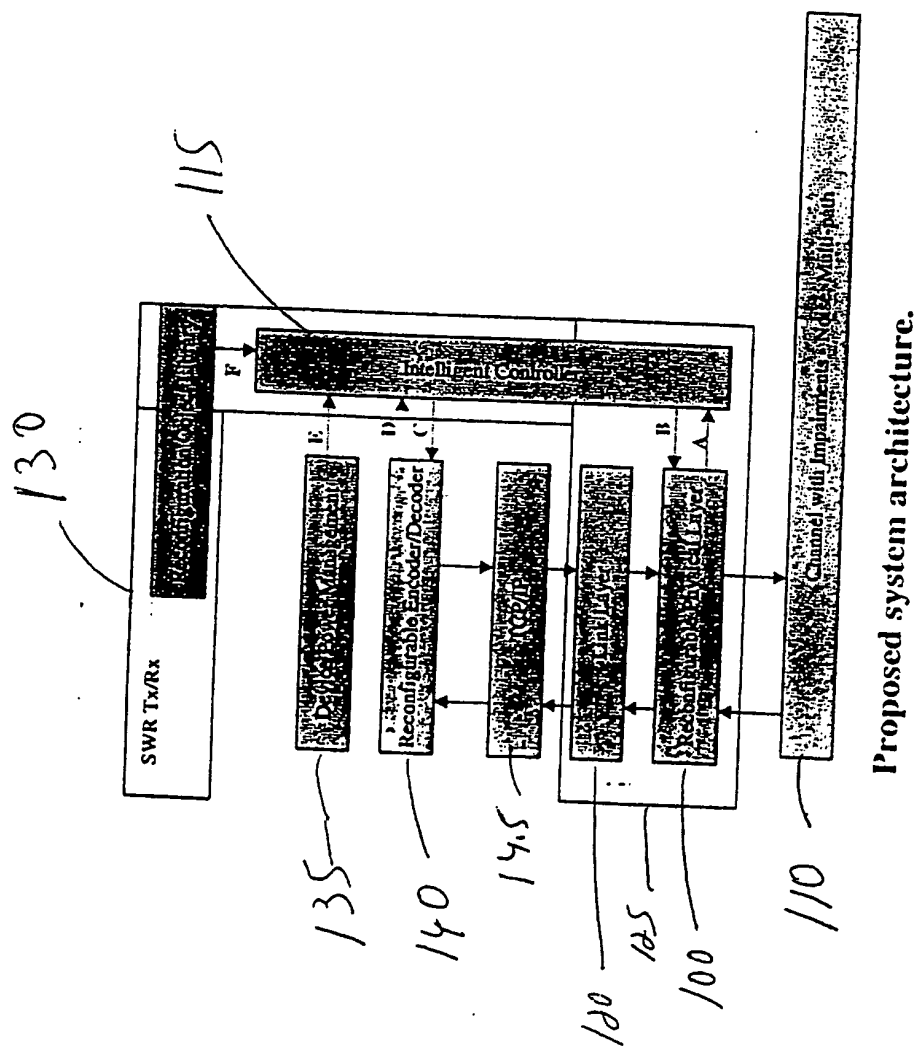
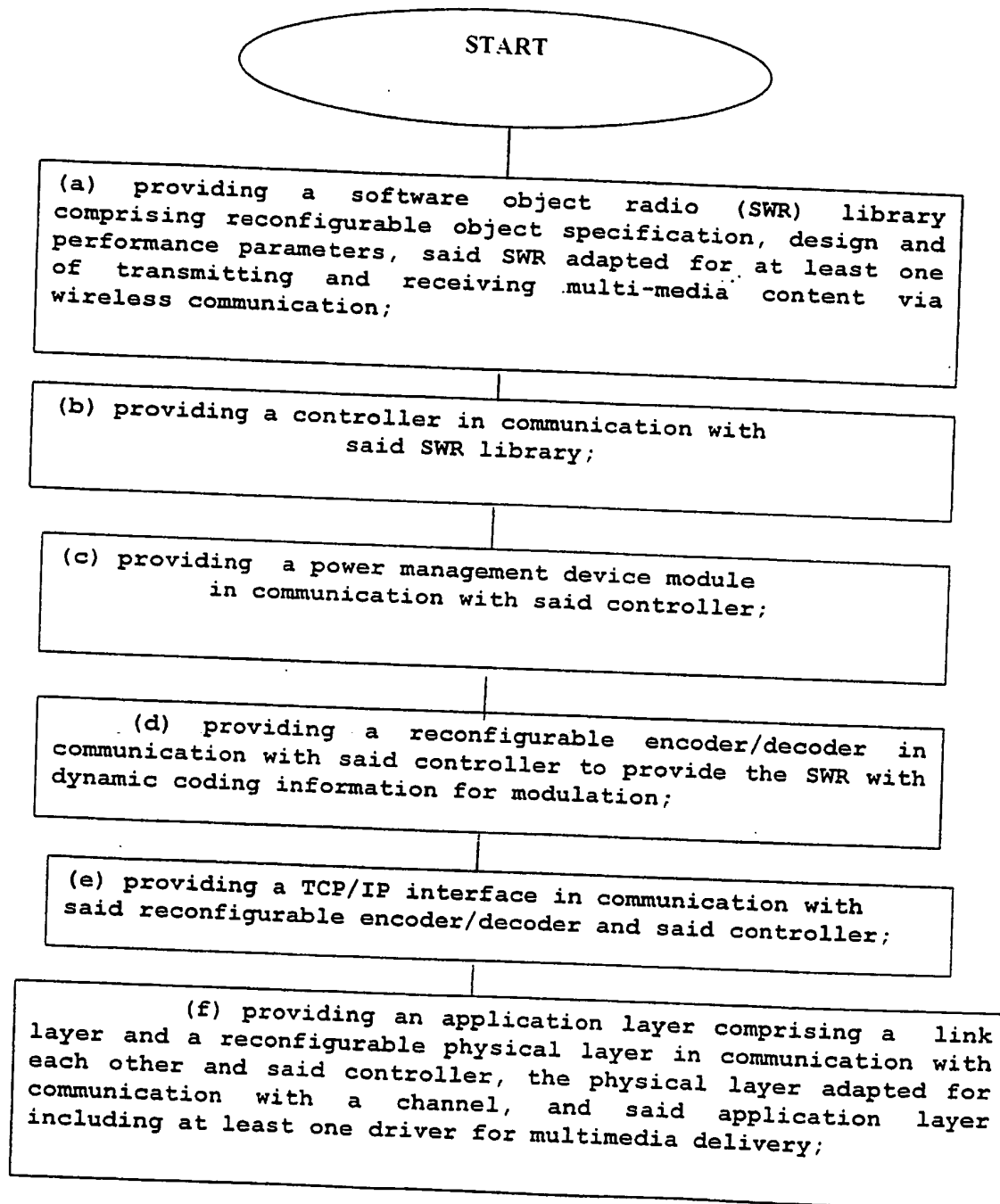


Fig. 1

FIG. 2A



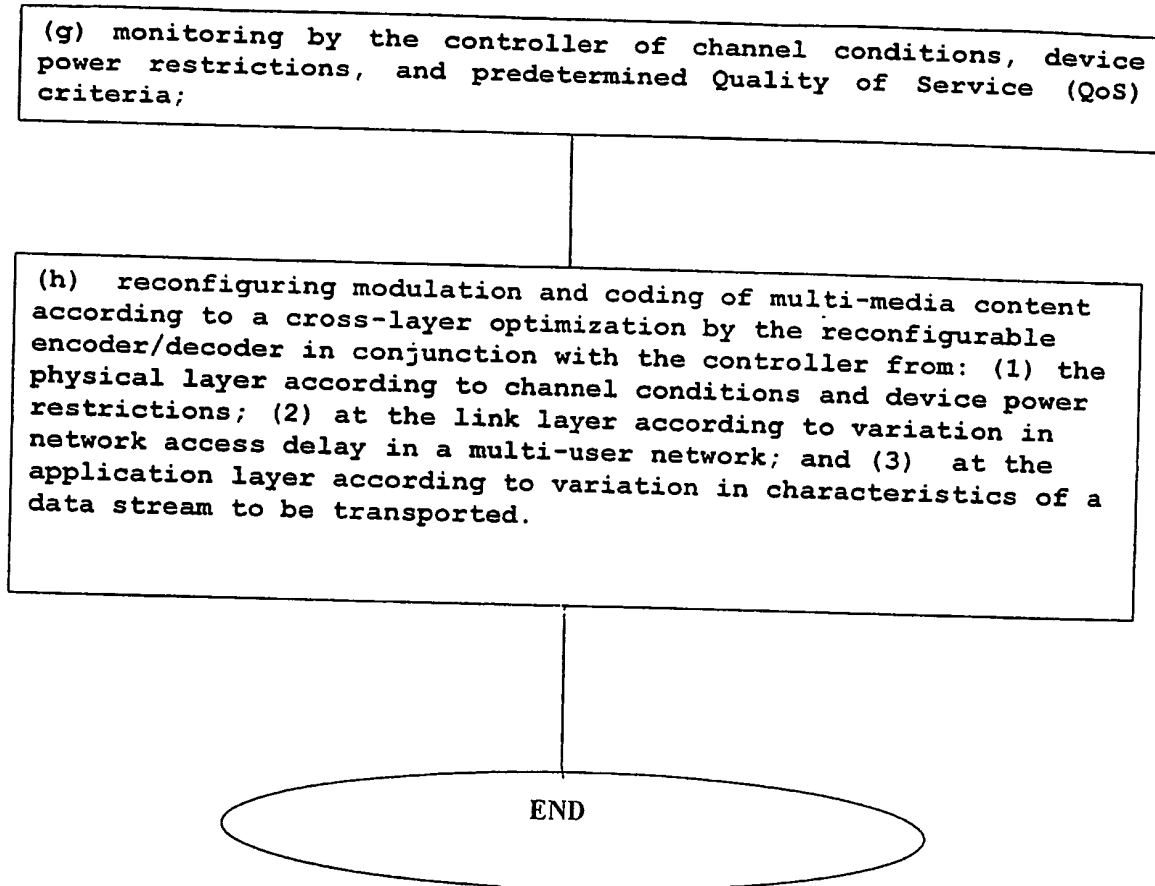


Fig. 2B